

PPP COUNTRY PROFILE – RWANDA



GENERAL INFORMATION

Capital: Kigali	Population : 13,46 million (2021) GDP : USD 11,07 billion (2021)
LEGAL AND INSTITUTIONAL FRAMEWORK	
PPP Law	 Law No14/2016 of 2 May 2016 for Governing PPPs in Rwanda (LPPP) Law No 006/2021 on Investment Promotion and Facilitation PPP Guidelines, 2018 (the "Guidelines") Rwanda Vision 2020
Other Applicable Sectoral Laws	 Rwanda Vision 2050 Law N°62/2018 Of 25/08/2018 Governing Public Procurement The Law N°21/2011 of 23/06/2011 governing Electricity in Rwanda (Electricity Law) and the Law N°52/2018 of 13/08/2018 Modifying Law N°21/2011 OF 23/06/2011 Governing Electricity in Rwanda as Modified to Date
PPP Unit	- Law n° 55/2011 of 14/12/2011 governing roads in Rwanda
Definition (Ch. 1.1, Guidelines) (Art. 2, LPPP)	Rwanda Development Board ("RDB") "[A PPP] is a long-term contract between a public party and a private party, for the development and/or management of a public asset or service, in which the private party bears significant risk and management responsibility through the life of the contract, and remuneration is significantly linked to performance, and/or the demand or use of the asset or service."
	"PPP agreement: a written contract concluded between a Contracting Authority and a partner recording the terms of a PPP project"
General Principles (Art. 15, LPPP)	Promote competition and transparency, fairness and non-discrimination, efficiency and effectiveness, protection of public property and public interest, accountability.
Tendering and contracting procedures / Choice of the private partnership	 Competitive Bidding Process: procurement in the form of a two- stages process comprising (i) a pre-qualification and (ii) a final selection stage.
(Ch. 3.3 & 4, Guidelines)	- Unsolicited Proposals: (Ch. 4, Guidelines)

Last update: 21 March 2023

(Art. 20, LPPP)



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Project Evaluation

(Ch. 3-4, Guidelines)

(Art. 13 and 14, LPPP)

Prior to a tender notice, the Contracting Authority undertakes a detailed feasibility study of the proposed project, by assessing its technical, environmental, social, economic, financial, risk, fiscal affordability, value for money, legal and marketability dimensions.

The feasibility study is approved by the Steering Committee.

Negotiation and Signature of The Rwanda Development Board leads negotiations with the Private

PPP Contracts

(Ch. 2.8, Guidelines)

(Art. 28, LPPP)

Rights and Obligations of the

public partner

Responsibilities include identifying, assessing, negotiating, managing, and reporting on PPP Projects.

Partner. The Contracting Authority signs a PPP agreement after

(Chapter 2.2.1, Guidelines)

Rights and Obligations of the

private partner

The PPP Agreement must comprise the rights and obligations of the Partner

(Art. 12, LPPP)

Obligations of both public and

private partners

No provision in the Act.

Cabinet approval.

Applicable Law

Dispute resolution

(Art. 12, LPPP)

No provision in the Act.

The PPP agreement must provide dispute resolution mechanisms.

EXAMPLES OF PROJECTS STRUCTURED AS PPP

Akanyaru Valley Peat-fired Power Project Energy

Agahozo-Shalom Youth PV Solar Plant

Kivuwatt

Transport (airport) **Bugesera Airport**

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